ITCR Scientific Software Impact and Engagement Analysis Survey

The purpose of this survey is to:

- help us to identify how often ITCR scientific software/tool developers evaluate user engagement of their scientific software
- help us to better understand what motivates people to perform analyses of their software use and impact, what challenges or barriers people face in assessing software engagement, what activities are typically done or not done to support such analyses, and what metrics people use and have found to be helpful
- help us get results for a manuscript about methods for evaluating the engagement of scientific software to provide evidence for challenges on this topic and to discern how often such software assessments occur
- help us identify ways for the <u>ITN</u> to better support the ITCR software developers to perform assessments of user engagement with their software

The raw responses will be evaluated by Carrie Wright and a graduate student Awan Afiaz. Trends and patterns in the data will be further examined by looking at summarized data by the ITCR <u>OPEN</u> (formerly called <u>TOW</u>) participants.

We define scientific software tools loosely according to biotoolsSchema, which includes:

- Computing Web-based Platform A website providing computing resources and possibly data
- Web-based tool A tool that runs in your web browser
- Bioconductor R packages
- Other R packages (not Bioconductor)
- Jupyter Notebooks
- Desktop Application A tool that runs on your desktop environment with a GUI
- Database/Ontology
- **Plug-in** A software component encapsulating a set of related functions, which are not standalone, i.e. depend upon other software for its use, e.g. a Javascript widget, or a plug-in, extension add-on etc. that extends the function of some existing to
- Command-line tool/Other scripts A tool that works with a command-line interface or environment
- Suite multiple tools that work together

To ensure the privacy of the participants:

- All responses will be anonymous
- The raw data will only be seen by Carrie Wright (and a graduate student Awan Afiaz)

- Details that could identify a research group will not be shared with funding administrators
- If published or shared later will only be done so in a summarized form unless it is an anonymous short answer

Passwords for the gmail account associated with this form will be kept up-to-date and access to the responses will be restricted to only Carrie and Awan.

Please contact Carrie Wright at cwright2@fredhutch.org with any questions or concerns.

You may also contact the Fred Hutchinson Cancer Center IRB Office if you have questions about your rights as a participant/parent of a study participant. Contact the IRB if you feel you have not been treated fairly or if you have other concerns.

This study has been deemed exempt by the Fred Hutchinson Cancer Center IRB.

IRB RG No: 11082

Date Approved: 2022-11-29

The IRB contact information is:

Address: Fred Hutchinson Cancer Center, Institutional Review Office,

1100 Fairview Ave. N., Mail Stop J2-100, Seattle, WA 98109

Telephone: 206.667.5900

E-mail: IRBinbox@fredhutch.org

All questions are optional (except the initial consent questions). Participation is voluntary. The survey should only take roughly 10 min.

Thank you for your participation!

* Indicates required question	
	4
1.	Are you 18 years of age or older?*
	Mark only one oval.
	Yes
	No

۷.	voluntary.
	Mark only one oval.
	Yes
	No
	Tell us about yourself!
	n this first section, we want to ask you a few questions about your involvement with scientific oftware development.
3.	This survey is intended for those who are involved with a scientific software-related project funded by ITCR . Are you involved in such a project?
	Mark only one oval.
	Yes (continue with the survey)
	No (finish the survey)
4.	What is your current role on the tool development/maintenance projects (choose all that apply)?
	Check all that apply.
	Manager/advisor Software Developer/Maintainer
	Outreach Specialist
	Trainee - postdoc
	Trainee - graduate student
	Other:

5.	How many projects related to developing scientific software tools have you been involved in?
	Mark only one oval.
	1
	2-4
	5-9
	10 or more
	Previous Evaluation Experience
6.	What would be your goals in evaluating the impact, engagement, or usage of a
	software tool? (Note most of the survey is multiple choice! Simple phrases are fine!)
	Tell us about the scientific software/tool that is the most developed/mature that
	you have worked on.
	lease fill out this portion of the survey with only the single most developed/mature scientific oftware that you have worked on in mind.

Check all ti	nat apply.
Comp	uting Web-based Platform - A website providing computing resources and po
Web-b	ased tool - A tool that runs in your web browser but doesn't necessarily provid data
Biocor	nductor R packages
Other	R packages (not Bioconductor)
Jupyte	er Notebooks
Deskto	op Application - A tool that runs on your desktop environment with a GUI
Datab	ase/Ontology
standalone	n - A software component encapsulating a set of related functions, which are e, i.e. depend upon other software for its use, e.g. a Javascript widget, or a plu add-on etc. that extends the function of some existing to
Commenvironme	nand-line tool/Other scripts - A tool that works with a command-line interface nt
Suite -	multiple tools that work together
Not Su	ıre
Other:	
	comfortable, please provide a <u>link</u> to your tool here.
lf you feel	
lf you feel	
lf you feel	
If you feel	
	es of users might adopt your scientific software tool?
What <u>typ</u>	
What <u>typ</u> o	hat apply.
What <u>typ</u> c Check all ti	hat apply.

10.	scientific software/tool?
	Check all that apply.
	Public code repository like GitHub with a readme explaining what the tool is A separate website for the tool with more information than the code repository readme Created a video describing the tool (not how to use it, just what it does) Enrolled in a review system for users to review the software like https://sourceforge.net/ None
	Other:
11.	Which of the following communication strategies have you implemented or supported to connect with users of your most fully developed/mature tool? (select all that apply)
	Check all that apply.
	Check all that apply. Workshops / Live sessions
	Check all that apply. Workshops / Live sessions Talk/poster at conference Discussion groups: e.g. stack overflow, biostars, quora, Discourse, other Google group or something similar
	Check all that apply. Workshops / Live sessions Talk/poster at conference Discussion groups: e.g. stack overflow, biostars, quora, Discourse, other Google group or something similar Slack community or something similar
	Check all that apply. Workshops / Live sessions Talk/poster at conference Discussion groups: e.g. stack overflow, biostars, quora, Discourse, other Google group or something similar Slack community or something similar Email newsletter
	Check all that apply. Workshops / Live sessions Talk/poster at conference Discussion groups: e.g. stack overflow, biostars, quora, Discourse, other Google group or something similar Slack community or something similar Email newsletter Social media presence: twitter, instagram, LinkedIn, ResearchGate
	Check all that apply. Workshops / Live sessions Talk/poster at conference Discussion groups: e.g. stack overflow, biostars, quora, Discourse, other Google group or something similar Slack community or something similar Email newsletter Social media presence: twitter, instagram, LinkedIn, ResearchGate None
	Check all that apply. Workshops / Live sessions Talk/poster at conference Discussion groups: e.g. stack overflow, biostars, quora, Discourse, other Google group or something similar Slack community or something similar Email newsletter Social media presence: twitter, instagram, LinkedIn, ResearchGate

12.	Which of the following do you provide for contact information to help users use your scientific software/tool?
	Check all that apply.
	☐ Simple contact method for users to email the developers ☐ More extensive contact methods for users to report bugs, request help, or otherwise engage with the developers (for example, an issue template on GitHub, a google form etc.) ☐ None
	Other:
13.	What type of documentation/training for users to learn how to use a tool did/do you provide? Check all that apply.
	None
	README file
	training is built in to the software
	Book
	Course
	Journal publication

14.	Which of the following software health infrastructure have you implemented for your scientific software/tool?
	Check all that apply.
	version control without automated deployment or delivery version control with automated deployment or delivery (rendering or new code version release)
	provided users with information about the active number of contributors provided users with license about code reuse provided users with metrics about testing code coverage provided users with a metrics on commit frequency automated testing (unit testing or otherwise) Other automations
	Other:
15.	How should users cite your software?
	Check all that apply.
	You have a specific publication you ask people to cite You use a Digital Object Identifier (DOI)/citation enabler for the software itself (using options like https://zenodo.org/) You provide information to users about how to cite your software You provide information to users about when to cite your software You think users know how to cite your software without explicit instruction You think users know when to cite your software without explicit instruction
16.	Have you or your team attempted to recruit additional users for the tool (or are you planning to)?
	Mark only one oval.
	Yes, we already have
	Yes, in the future
	◯ No
	Other:

How would you **classify** your scientific software/tool?

17.

Check all that apply. Omics - proteomics, genomics, metabolomics Clinical **Imaging** Supports multiple types of data Other: **Clinical Impact Metrics** 18. Which of the following metrics have you used to evaluate the clinical impact of your scientific software/tool? Check all that apply. Adoption metrics - Number or proportion of institutions that implement your tool (if your software is implemented by hospitals, or centers) Patient reach metrics - Number or representativeness of eligible patients whose care is impacted by the tool Patient impact metrics - Number of patients whose care or treatment or other clinical factor is modified due to use of the tool. Implementation metrics - metrics related to downloads or interaction with materials guiding people on how to implement or use the tool Fidelity metrics - metrics related to the tool working as expected Satisfaction metrics - metrics related to user (patient, caregiver, physician, etc.) satisfaction with the use of the tool Effectiveness metrics - metrics related to clinical outcomes as related to the use of the tool Cost-effectiveness analysis - metrics related to implementation and maintenance costs as well as expected benefits (e.g., cost savings, lives saved) Evolution metrics - metrics related to changes to the tool or its implementation environment (e.g., hosting) that are necessary for implementation at specific sites Scalability metrics - metrics related to how many different use cases the tool has supported

Metrics

In this section, we will ask you questions about more general classifications of metrics that you may have used to evaluate your scientific software/tool.

19.	What types of metrics have you used to evaluate user engagement with your scientific software/tool?		
	Check all that apply.		
	None		
	Citation Metrics (publication and/or DOI for software directly)		
	Website interaction metrics (number of unique visitors, clicks etc.)		
	Software Downloads (clones, forks, etc.)		
	Documentation engagement metrics (website analytics, video views etc.)		
	Communication engagement metrics (# of emails, survey results, tweets etc.)		
	Development metrics (outside contributions, stars, forks, issues, pull requests)		
	Internal Metrics (new users, registered users, job submissions, error reports etc.)		
	Other:		
20.	How much evaluation of the usage and or impact of the scientific software tool have you done so far?		
	Mark only one oval.		
	I do not think such evaluations are useful and thus have not performed any		
	I have not attempted any evaluations yet but hope to		
	I monitor basic usage statistics (for example simple download metrics)		
	I regularly perform evaluations involving multiple types of metrics (for example communication metrics, usage metrics, and more)		
	Other:		

Have your evaluations of the user engagement or the impact of your scientific

21.

	software/tool influenced your work?
	Check all that apply.
	None - haven't done enough evaluation yet
	None - the evaluations haven't been informative enough
	Informed training/documentation materials
	Informed outreach strategies to obtain new users
	Informed performance optimization
	Informed new development ideas
	Helped justify funding
	Other:
22.	Which of the following metrics have you used to evaluate the scientific impact of
	your scientific software/tool?
	Check all that apply.
	Impact factor or number of citations for papers citing your software
	Ranking of the use of your tool compared to other similar tools
	Diversity of usage - different types of journals citing your software, different applications etc.
	Efficiency/depth metrics - do the papers citing your software require fewer tools or are they able to evaluate a biological phenomenon more extensively than papers using previously available alternatives
	Discovery - has your software led to new discoveries or terminologies that you can track in manuscripts
	Other:
	Metrics that were useful
23.	What metrics were especially useful for your evaluations?

24.	Please elaborate if you would like.	
	Motivations	
	this next section, we will ask you a few questions about what has motivated your or might otivate you to evaluate user engagement.	
25.	What aspects of performance optimization have you or would you want to learn about?	
	Check all that apply.	
	unexpected usage patterns or poor adherence to best practices	
	inefficiencies in tool workflows or structures	
	inadequate documentation	
	mismatches between defaults and actual use	
	common errors	
	data volume use	
	None	
	Other:	

26.	What aspects of <u>usage optimization</u> have you or would you want to learn about?
	Check all that apply.
	who users are , where they are, and what they are doing user-base diversity identify sources of other possible users when/where to temper or strengthen user expectations what outreach approaches work best to boost users None Other:
27.	What aspects of <u>usability optimization</u> have you or would you want to learn about?
	Check all that apply.
	what features are often used and by what users
	what features are not being used if and how users are struggling
	None
	Other:
28.	What <u>development</u> aspects have or would be motivational?
	Check all that apply.
	to better understand what data is being used
	to discover opportunities for new features or data needed to identify more appropriate resource allocation
	None
	Other:

Which of the following have or would be motivational for evaluating your scientific

29.

:	software/tool?
(Check all that apply.
	to support funding requests
	to support resource requests
	to promote continued usage by users
	to promote usage by more diverse users
	to promote usage of new tools
	to encourage community contributions
	None
	Other:
	Challenges
30.	what major barriers are hindering your ability to evaluate the engagement of your tool(s)?
(Check all that apply.
	None
	Privacy concerns
	Security concerns
	Legal concerns (besides privacy or security)
	Ethical concerns (besides privacy or security)
	Technical Issues
	Not sure what methods to use
	Limited time to do such analyses
	Limited funding or other resources
	Other:

31. What citation challenges have you encountered?

	Check all that apply.
	None
	Not applicable
	Tool is super common so people don't bother to cite
	Tool only used in discovery phase of research so people forget to cite
	Hard to track citations of tools that use your tool or are based on your tool
	Sometimes people cite in location that is difficult to track - abstract or
	acknowledgments
	Tool is acknowledged in papers but without formal citation
	The tool requires hospital/institute support to implement - thus citations aren't a very good estimate of usage
	Other:
32.	What metric distortion challenges have you encountered?
	Check all that apply.
	None
	Not applicable Coords convices on other tracking eveters beginning that the size of the s
	Google services or other tracking system banned by some institutions Automations are inflating usage metrics
	Issues with using software or resources for tracking (ie. github stats)
	Challenges tracking usage in a cloud environments
	Distinguishing single users running software many times vs. many users running few
	times
	Challenges for large complex projects (software ecosystems)
	General usage as an (imperfect) proxy for software mature usage
	Other:
20	
33.	Is there anything you would like to measure but have been unable to capture?

. F	Please elaborate more about any barriers you are experiencing		
_			
F	Have you been able to assess your tool's fairness (Not to be confused with FAIRness as defined as Findable, Accessible, Interoperable, and Reusable). Here we define software fairness in terms of the design being mindful of inclusivity and bias. See this link for more information.		
C	Check all that apply.		
	Not sure how to do such assessments Not sure what this is Attempted, but encountered challenges Yes		
3	Successful evaluation of software fairness		
F	Please elaborate about how you successfully evaluated your tool's fairness.		
_			
	Challenges with software fairness evaluation		

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37.	Please elaborate if you can about any challenges you encountered in evaluating fairness.

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